

## Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information

This document forms the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information ("Code") adopted by **Finkurve Financial Services Limited (FFSL)**. This Code is consistent with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

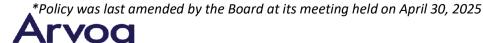
The Code of Fair Disclosure is required for the Company to ensure timely and adequate disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information which would impact the price of the Company's securities, and to maintain the uniformity, transparency and fairness in dealing with all stakeholders and in ensuring adherence to applicable laws and regulations.

Further, the Company endeavours to preserve the confidentiality of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information, to prevent misuse of such information and to disseminate accurate, timely and consistent non-proprietary information about its products, services and activities to all its stakeholders including its members.

At the same time, care will be taken in ensuring that all communication is responsible, ensuring protection of the Company's proprietary information and brand.

## The Principles of Fair Disclosure adopted by FFSL are as follows:

- 1. To promptly make public disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information that would impact price discovery. Such disclosures are made no sooner than credible and concrete information comes into being in order to make such information generally available.
- 2. To make disclosures of unpublished price sensitive information, as and when made, in a universal and uniform manner through forums like widely circulated media and / or through stock exchanges where its equity shares are listed. Selective disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information is to be avoided.
- 3. FFSL's Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Mr. Sunny Parekh shall serve as its Chief Investor Relations Officer to deal with dissemination of information and disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information.
- 4. To promptly disseminate unpublished price sensitive information that gets disclosed selectively, inadvertently or otherwise if at all, to make such information generally available.
- 5. To provide appropriate and fair response to queries on news reports and requests for verification of market rumours by regulatory authorities.
- 6. To ensure that information shared with analysts and research personnel is not unpublished price sensitive information.





- 7. To make records of proceedings of meetings with analysts and of other investor relations conferences on its official website to ensure official confirmation and documentation of disclosures made therein.
- 8. To handle all unpublished price sensitive information on a need-to-know basis.

## • Company's policy on determination of legitimate purpose:

The sharing of UPSI shall be considered as for legitimate purposes, if it is in the ordinary course of business or otherwise in furtherance of such objectives as approved by the Board, by an insider with partners, collaborators, lenders, customers, suppliers, merchant bankers, legal advisors, auditors, insolvency professionals or other advisors or consultants, provided that such sharing has not been carried out to evade or circumvent the prohibitions of the Insider Trading Regulations, this Code for Fair Disclosure to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Designated Persons.

The person with whom the UPSI pertaining to the Company or its securities is shared shall be considered as 'Insider' under the SEBI (PIT) Regulations and shall also be required to abide by the Company's internal Code of Conduct prohibiting insider trading, which means they can trade in the securities of the Company only in accordance with Regulations 3 and 4 of the SEBI (PIT) Regulations and the Company's Code of Conduct.

In the event the Board of Directors ('Board') is of informed opinion that the information with respect to the aforesaid transactions is credible and concrete to be generally made available, it will make a public disclosure of the same through the stock exchange mechanism, where the securities of the Company are listed, followed by a disclosure on its website.

Any Insider proposing to disclose any UPSI which is not covered under this Policy, then such disclosure shall necessarily require prior approval of the Board of Directors of the Company. The CIRO shall require sufficient details including reasons for such disclosure and the nature of UPSI proposed to be disclosed and if satisfied, shall seek necessary approvals from the Board at the subsequent meeting of Board of Directors of the Company.

Any disclosure of UPSI towards discharge of legal obligations and performance of duties shall be deemed to be Legitimate Purpose and necessary Confidentiality agreements and non-disclosure agreements will need to be executed before sharing any UPSI by Designated Persons. However, this will not be applicable to requisition of information by a statutory authority in exercise of their powers under any law.

Sharing of UPSI with a mala fide intention, for personal gain, or unauthorized disclosure, or to evade or circumvent the provisions of the Regulations etc. will be prohibited.

## • **Legal Obligations**

Other than the cases as stated above, in furtherance of its legal obligations, the Company may be required to share UPSI with the Regulatory Authorities and/or Persons, in the events such as:

\*Policy was last amended by the Board at its meeting held on April 30, 2025



- a. While the Company is evaluating various corporate actions, it may have to seek informal opinion/views from the Regulators, seek such approvals or regulatory exemptions, as may necessary to consummate the corporate action.
- b. Arising out of legal obligations to report to the various authorities under applicable laws or otherwise
- c. Arising out of legal obligations to undertake compliance of the provisions of law such as Companies Act, 2013, Accounting Standards, Competition Act, etc.
- d. In order to protect the vital interest of the Company during litigation.

The Company while submitting the aforesaid information to the Regulators, although will claim confidentiality over the UPSI shared, however, it would not have visibility nor control over any further dissemination of information by such Regulators.